

The

Newport

Mercury.

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The Newport Mercury

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J. H. BARBER.

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IT NO Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arreages are paid.

Single papers SIX CENTS, to be had at the Office.

JOB PRINTING,

such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, Circulars, Cards, Notifications, &c. &c., promptly executed at the usual prices.

STATIONERY, &c.

STEEL PENS; Lead Pencils; Slate Pencils; Ink Stands; Wafers; Pen Holders; Blue Ink; Taylor's Black Ink, superior to any other; Ink Powder; Writing and Letter Paper, of the best quality; Quills; Pencil Leads; Black Sand; Wallets; Account Books of various sizes; Commercial Blanks; Bill Paper, &c. &c. For sale at No. 133 Thames street, by

J. H. BARBER.

Court of Probate, held by adjournment New port, April 4th, 1844.

UPON the petition of David Melville, of the town and county of Newport, one of the heirs at law and distributees of Elizabeth N. Banister, late of Newport, widow, dec., in behalf of himself and the other heirs and distributees of said Elizabeth N. Banister, praying this Court to pass a decree, that Joseph Joslen, Executor of the last will and testament of said Elizabeth N. Banister, pay over and distribute to the heirs at law of said Elizabeth N. Banister, or their legal representatives their several proportions of the personal estate of the said Elizabeth N. Banister, according to law adjudged by said Court of Probate, to be in the hands of said Joseph Joslen, Executor aforesaid, the same is read and received, and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in May next, at 9 o'clock a. m., and that notice be given thereof by publishing the same three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

a true copy,
B B HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, held by adjournment New port, April 4th, 1844.

Application was made for an administrator to be appointed on the estate of

EDWARD THURSTON,

Esq. late of Newport dec.

It is Ordered, That the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in May next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, held by adjournment New port, April 4th, 1844.

WHEREAS an instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of

PELEG WE AVER,

late of Newport, Painter, dec., was presented for Probate and for letters of administration on said estate with the will annexed, their being no person named in said will as Executor thereof.

It is ordered that the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in May next, at 9 o'clock a. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, held by adjournment New port, April 4th, 1844.

Application is made by William Bateman for an administrator to be appointed on the estate of

MARY SMITH,

late of Newport dec.

The same is received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in May next, at 9 o'clock a. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

By order,

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

At a Town Council held in New port, April 5th 1844.

Ordered, that all persons who have applied to this Town Council for licenses to retail spirituous liquors are informed that by calling at the Clerks Office they can ascertain if license is granted to them, and those to whom license is granted must take out their license so granted on or before the 20th April inst., and all those not taken as aforesaid will be null and void, and that this notice be published in the *Newport Mercury*. By order,

B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.

FOR SALE or to LET.



THE large three story brick Dwelling House, situated at the corner of Thames & Dennisons st's, well known as the late residence of Samuel Whitehorne, dec.; the lot measures 69 1-2 feet on Thames and 234 feet on Dennison street. The terms will be made known on application to

R. P. LEE, Assignee.

Newport, March 2.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and Testament of

AUGUSTUS PECKHAM, late of Newport dec., and having qualified himself by giving bond as the law directs. He requests all persons having any demands against the said estate to present them to the court for settlement and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

AUGUSTUS PECKHAM, Executor, Middletown, March 9, 1844.

STATIONERY, &c.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Hon' Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator de bonis non on the estate of

SUSAN MASON, single woman, of Newport, dec., & given bonds according to law. All persons having demands against the estate, are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

C. G. PERRY, Adm'r. de bonis non. Newport, Feb. 10, 1844.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Executor to the last Will and Testament of

LUCY ANTHONY, late of Portsmouth, single woman dec., and having qualified himself by giving bond as the law directs, he therefore requests all persons having any just demands against the said estate to present them for settlement, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to

DARIUS ANTHONY, Executor, Portsmouth, March 9, 1844.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Jamestown, administrator with the will annexed, on the estate of

NATHANIEL HAMMOND, late of said Jamestown dec., and has given bonds according to law. All persons having demands against the estate, are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

WALTER WATSON, Jr. Administrator with the Will annexed, Jamestown, February 29, 1844.

Executrix Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed Executrix to the late will and testament of

GEORGE CHAMPLIN MASON, late of Newport dec., and having given bonds according to law, hereby requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them, and those indebted to make payment to

ABBY MARIA MASON Esq's. Feb. 10, 1844.

TO LET.

The house known as the Olyphant House, opposite the Moravian Church; it has been thoroughly repaired inside and out—painted and papered throughout. Apply to SAMUEL B. VERNON, or STEPHEN CAHOONE.

July 22.

TO LET.

House No. 145 corner of Thames & Mary street. For particulars as to terms &c, apply to

R. J. TAYLOR, Newport, March 9 *

Court of Probate, held by adjournment New port, April 1, 1844.

Benjamin H. Tisdale, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of

WILLIAM ENNIS, late of Newport, dec. presents his account on said estate for allowance.

It is ordered, that the same be received, and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in May next, at 9 o'clock a. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

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late of Newport dec.

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B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.

WANTED—At all times, Rhode Island Corn, and other kinds of Grain in exchange for building materials. Apply at the Steam Planing & Grist Mill, in Bull st., or at our Lumber yard.

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

July 1—tf.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed ad-

ministrator on the estate of Fatience Wilcox dec., requests all persons having claims upon, or who may be indebted to said testate,

to call and liquidate the same without delay.

HENRY BULL.

Newport, April 6, 1844.

CHEAP LACES,

For sale by H. SESSIONS.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8.

At this Court an instrument of writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

HANNAH HFAD.

late of Little Compton deceased, was presented for examination and approval,

It is Ordered, that the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall, in said Little Compton on the second Monday of MAY next, at one o'clock p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8th

At this Court an instrument of writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

COMFORT TAYLOR,

late of Little Compton, dec.

It is Ordered, that the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on the second Monday of MAY next, at one o'clock p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8th

At this Court an instrument of writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

SUSAN TAYLOR,

late of Little Compton, dec.

It is Ordered, that the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on the second Monday of MAY next, at one o'clock p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8th

At this Court an instrument of writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

SYLVESTER GIFFORD,

late of Little Compton, dec., March 11, 1844, having declined said appointment,

It is Ordered, that notice be given for the appointment of an Administrator with the Will annexed on said estate at a court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton, on the 2d Monday of May next at 1 o'clock p. m., and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8th

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A true copy, witness

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, April 8th

At this Court an instrument of writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

Hamein is appointed commander of the French Station in Oceania, and is to hoist his flag on the Bidon frigate. Capt. Des Troes is about to proceed from Brest to the South Pacific, being appointed to the station of Madagascare and Bourbon. He will have under his orders five or six ships, and will exhibit the French flag along the whole coast of Africa, and in the Arabian Seas. One of his duties will be to extend the relations of France with Abyssinia, and in Madagascar.

A French naval force has been ordered to proceed to Lisbon to keep the British squadron in that quarter in observation, and ostensibly for the protection of French citizens, should they be menaced by events arising out of the revolution.

It was positively stated that the negotiations for a marriage between the Count de Trapani and Queen Isabella of Spain were entirely broken off. Another matrimonial negotiation of some interest, it is said is also broken off, viz., between the Archduke Stephen of Austria and the Grand Duchess Olga, daughter of the Emperor of Russia. It was at first said that this breach arose from the refusal of the Emperor of Austria to accede to the *sine qua non* of the Emperor Nicholas, that the children of the marriage should be christened and brought up in the religion of the Greek Church. A correspondent of the London Times, says that on the contrary the obstacle was entirely of a political character to the following effect. It must be confessed that the story seems, in part, at least, improbable.

The Emperor Nicholas offered to raise the dower of his daughter to 4,000, 000 silver rubles, and a permanent annuity of 100,000 ducats, provided the Archduke Stephen should be created Hereditary Palatine of Hungary, which was to become a separate State. Almost incredible as it must appear to you, I am, nevertheless, assured that in this proposition Prince Metternich—and under his advice the Emperor and Empress of Austria—acquiesced. The Austrian aristocracy, however, regarding the matter as a dismemberment of the empire made such representations that the match was broken off.

Spain.—We have accounts from Madrid, to March 26. The Queen and her sister, with the Queen mother had returned to the capital. A brilliant levee was held on the 26th by the Queen mother. It was reported that an amnesty was to be granted on the occasion of her return, and that orders had been sent to Gen. Roncali to be merciful towards the insurgents of Carthagena. Don Augustine Arguelles, guardian to the Queen, during the regency of Espartero is dead, and was buried on the 25th. The tobacco contract has been awarded to Senor Salamanca, for the Bank of San Fernando, for the sum of 110,000,000 reals per annum, for 10 years. This is double amount of revenue received from this source hitherto.

Queen Christina arrived at Aranjuez March 21, and was to enter Madrid on the 23d.

In the House of Commons on the 1st instant, Lord Elliot obtained leave to introduce the "Irish Registration and Franchise Bill," and the "Irish Municipal Amendment Bill." The former is intended to produce a substantial equality between the position of voters in Ireland and England. It provides three qualifications for a country voter; that he shall have either £10 clear income over rent and charges, be taxed for £30 income, or be possessed of a freehold of inheritance of £5 annually. All persons who pay the poor rate, borough rate, and other local taxes to be borough voters. The bill does not satisfy the Irish reformers, but the opposition was not developed at this early stage.

Tea, Tobacco and Sugar.—A money article of the London Times says that the notoriety of the fact that by means of the income tax the public revenue exceeds the expenditure, and that the surplus will be increased by the reduction of the Three-and-a-Half per Cents, has given rise to an active agitation on the part of the importers of tea and tobacco for a reduction of the present exorbitant crown duties on these important articles of consumption.

FROM CHINA.—By the ship Natchez at New York from Canton, we have advices from that place to the 12th of January, the same date as those by the overland mail, the telegraphic announcement of which we received by the Acadia. The Natchez has made her voyage round the world in nine months and 26 days, having sailed from New York on the 24th of June last. Of this time one month and 18 days were spent in port.

Mr. Cushing had not arrived in Canton, but Captain Waterman says the news of his arrival at Bombay, had reached there and that he was daily expected.

A correspondent of the Register represents the condition of Hong Kong as improving; fatal sickness was becoming less prevalent and thefts and robberies were less frequent. An iron steamer, stationed off Wong-nai-Chung, had been effectual in suppressing piracies by water. Some alarm was felt, however, at the approach of the fever season, the operations for draining not having been carried on with any thing like energy.

Accounts from Amoy, to the 5th of January, represented the sickness at Koolongsoo as dreadful. During the month of December 486 patients were admitted into the hospital. The port of Ningpo was to be opened to foreign trade on the 1st of January. A hospital had been established there, in a house given for the purpose by a native merchant, and numbers of Chinese were resorting

to it. Chusan was healthy; but Koolong-son so much the reverse that it was thought probable it would be restored to the Chinese, as unfit for European constitutions.

Twenty-Eighth Congress. FIRST SESSION.

TUESDAY, April 18, 1844.

SENATE.—The morning hour was occupied in the presentation of memorials on different subjects; which was all the business done.

HOUSE.—Mr. Adams rose and said he had been requested by the friends of a citizen of Maryland, now no more to present to the House the Camp-Chest of Gen. Washington.

Mr. Hale presented a bill making appropriations for certain marine hospitals; which was appropriately referred.

Mr. Tibbatts called for the orders of the day. Mr. McKay then rose and said that he had intended, from day to day, to move the House take up the Tariff bill, but he had relinquished that intention.

FRIDAY, April 19, 1844.

SENATE.—The Post Office Bill was called up and postponed.

The Tariff Resolutions were again called up. Mr. Bigby yielded the floor to Silas Wright, who addressed the Senate at length upon the subject of a Protective Tariff.

HOUSE.—The first business this morning, was the motion to print 10,000 extra copies of the Report from the Committee on Manufactures, upon the subject of the tariff. The House refused to print 84 to 62.

Communications were received from the Executive Departments. One in answer to a resolution calling for information upon the subject of wrought iron canons.

A Resolution was adopted calling upon the Secretary of the Navy to inform the House as to the originality and utility of Colby's Sub Marine invention.

An invitation to see the final blowing up of the ship "Styz" in the Potomac to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock, was laid before the House.

Mr. Adams presented the Resolutions of the Legislature of Massachusetts remonstrating against the annexation of Texas.

SATURDAY, April 20, 1844.

HOUSE.—Nothing of any importance was done, except the passage of the Western Harbor bill, which was passed by a vote of 108 yeas to 72 nays. Previous to its passage, a motion prevailed to strike out the Illinois River—aye 118, nays 49.

MONDAY, April 22, 1844.

SENATE.—The morning hour was occupied in the presentation of petitions and memorials; which was all the business done.

HOUSE.—After the reading of the Journal of Saturday, Mr. J. R. Ingersoll gave notice of his intention to introduce several bills. Mr. Clinch gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill in relation to the claims of Georgia, which was objected to. Mr. Steenrod called for the orders of the day, and the Speaker announced the first business in order to be reconsidered the vote by which the bill was passed making appropriations for the Western harbors and rivers, and Mr. Houston demanded the previous question, and tellers were ordered, to see whether there was a second.

Messrs Belser and Grinnell were appointed tellers who reported 85 in the affirmative, and 40 in the negative. So there was a second. The question then recurred on the motion to reconsider, and the yeas and nays were demanded and ordered, and the following is the result: Yeas 73, Nays 111. So the motion to reconsider was decided in the negative. Mr. Clinch then presented a bill providing for the settlement of the claims of Georgia, which was read twice and appropriately referred. Mr. Barnard moved a suspension of the rules to take up the Eastern harbor bill, and Mr. Dromgoole demanded the ayes and nays; which were ordered, and the following is the result—yeas 105, nays 88. So the rules were suspended.

Mr. Newton offered a resolution calling upon the President for information in relation to the claims upon Denmark; which was agreed to. Mr. McKay moved that the House resolve into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, to take up the tariff bill; and, to secure a full attendance, he moved a call of the House, which was agreed to. The Clerk proceeded in the call, and 189 members answered to their names. The Clerk then called the absentees, and 194 members were present.

The Committee on Enrolled Bills made a report, and several enrolled bills were read the second time and signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then called the absentees, and excuses were made for those who were sick. Mr. Dromgoole then moved that all further proceedings be dispensed with which was agreed to.—Mr. McKay then demanded the yeas and nays upon his motion to suspend the rules, which were ordered, and the following is the result: yeas 104, nays 94. So the rules were suspended, and Mr. Hopkins was called to the chair, and the Committee took up the tariff bill.

Mr. James Black presented, under the rule, four petitions signed by ninety two citizens of Cumberland and Piercy counties, Penn., praying Congress that the four companies of horse artillery now in

service be restored to a peace establishment of one hundred men each, rank and file. Referred to the military Committee.

Also the petition of sundry citizens of Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, against any alteration in the present tariff. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

TUESDAY, April 23, 1844.

SENATE.—That body was engaged during the morning hour in the presentations of petitions.

HOUSE.—After the reading of the Journal of yesterday, Mr. Hopkins moved a call of the House, which was agreed to. Mr. Irvine introduced his colleague, Mr. Pollock, from the 13th Congressional District, Pennsylvania, who was qualified and took his seat. The Clerk then proceeded in a call of the House, and before he had gotten through, a motion was made to suspend the call, which was agreed to.

The Speaker then laid before the House several Executive communications, which were appropriately disposed of. Mr. McKay then moved that the House resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union; which was agreed to.

Mr. Hopkins took the Chair, and the Committee took up the tariff bill; and Mr. Wright who was entitled to the floor, said he was wrongly reported in the Intelligencer, which he corrected, and then proceeded in his remarks in opposition to the tariff of 1842; and after he had concluded, he was followed by Mr. White, of Kentucky, in support of the tariff of 1841, and in favor of the protective policy.

Texas Treaty.

The Treaty of Annexation was this day sent by the President of the United States to the Senate. The Senate went into Executive session a few moments afterwards.

Fighting in the House—A Police Officer Shot!

In the House, to-day, Mr. Wright, of Indiana, concluded his speech against the protective Tariff.

Mr. White, of Ky., (late Speaker) followed, on the other side; but dwelt chiefly on certain popular political topics. He defended Mr. Clay, with great address and ability, from the stale charges of "bargain, intrigue, and corruption," urged against him, in 1825; also against the charge, recently brought up, that Mr. Clay had made a speech in Congress declaring that, "if we could not have negro slaves, we must have white slaves," &c.

Mr. White took his seat. A conversation arose among members around him on the subject, and it was remarked that all the charges against Mr. Clay could be proved. Mr. White, reeking and hot from his speech, replied in a rude manner.—Mr. Rathbun reiterated the remark, to which Mr. White replied that it was false, or something to that effect. Mr. Rathbun instantly struck him! Mr. White returned the blow. The parties had commenced the conflict sitting, and were soon on their feet and clinched.

A hundred members instantly interferred. The Chairman hurriedly quit his post, and the Speaker took it. The Sergeant at Arms seized the mace and bore "that bauble"—the Eagle—aloft to the scene of action.

In the mean time, a person, admitted by courtesy, upon the floor,—a young man named Moore, of Kentucky, and, I am told, a respectable man,—rushed into the *melee*, armed to the teeth. He was instantly arrested and dragged out by members. Mr. McCausles, a member from Ohio, was efficient in thrusting Mr. Moore—the young gentleman aforesaid, out of the door. Mr. Moore drew a pistol and fired, and the ball passed through the thigh of John A. Wirt, one of the Police Watch of the Capitol. General Dodge seized Mr. Moore, and it was with some trouble that he was prevented from doing further mischief.

Mr. Dromgoole, after some grave and appropriate remarks, moved that the members concerned in the fracas be brought to the bar of the House for trial.

Mr. Saunders moved that a committee be appointed to investigate the matter.

After some remarks and suggestions from different members, Mr. White rose, and, in terms brief and happy, expressed his regret at what had passed. Mr. Rathbun followed, and spoke with perfect coolness, and in a candid and manly manner, expressing his deep regret at the occurrence; confessing and apologising for his fault; blaming for it his rash passion; dealing his respect and kind feelings towards the member from Kentucky and submitting himself entirely to the rebuke of the House.

Mr. White, thereupon, said that he would not, in justice to his own nature, refrain, after the remarks of the gentleman from New York, from saying that he entertained towards him the most respectful and kindly feelings. The combatants shook hands, amidst loud and general applause from the floor and the galleries.

Order being restored, Mr. Dromgoole said it was useless, and would be injurious to pursue the subject further. He withdrew his motion. Mr. Saunders thought it was due to the House and to the public that an authentic investigation and report should be made.

Mr. Holmes had, he said, just entered the Hall and did not witness the affray. But he appealed to Heaven—an appeal he seldom made—against these outbreaks in the House. He felt it due to his constituents, to the House, and to the country to submit the following resolution:

Resolved, that the Hon. John White of Ky., and Hon. G. Rathbun, of N. Y., be expelled from this House!

Mr. Chappell of Ga. supported this resolution, in some eloquent remarks.—Mr. Hamlin replied and opposed the resolution.

In the course of Mr. White's remarks against the resolution, he took occasion to state and to call upon the Reporters to notice, that the young man, Mr. Moore of Ky., who had been guilty of an outrage on the House, was utterly unknown to him, even by person.

Finally, the House, rejecting all other propositions, ordered that a Committee of five members be appointed to inquire into, and report upon, the occurrences of the day.

Cor. of the Jour. of Com.

WEDNESDAY, April 24, 1844.

SENATE.—The morning hour was occupied in the reading of the Journal and other preliminary subjects.

HOUSE.—After the reading of the Journal yesterday, Mr. Weller moved that the House, rejecting all other propositions, ordered that a Committee of five members be appointed to inquire into, and report upon, the occurrences of the day.

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WEDNESDAY, April 24, 1844.

SENATE.—The morning hour was occupied in the reading of the Journal and other preliminary subjects.</p

TRIAL OF THOMAS W. DORR.—The Supreme Court of this State, commenced an adjourned term in this town yesterday morning for the purpose of trying the indictment against Thomas W. Dorr, for treason against the State. The whole of yesterday was spent in settling the preliminary questions relating to obtaining a jury. Mr. Atwell, one of the counsel for the defence was not present, being detained at home by sickness.

It is understood that Mr. Dorr will conduct his own defence, assisted by Geo. Turner, Esq.

At the adjournment of the Court last evening only eight Jurors had been obtained, and the panel of 76 has been exhausted. We understand that the Court ordered a *venire* for 30 more to be returned at the opening of the Court this morning.

OFFICIAL.—Appointment by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate—William Holloway, Surveyor of the Revenue of North Kingston, Rhode Island; reappointed.

EARLY PEAS.—Mr. Benjamin C. Sherman, of Portsmouth, brought to our office on Thursday last, a specimen of some full grown Peas, which he had raised this season, on his farm about one mile from Bristol Ferry;—he stated he had raised about 3 pecks which he had brought to town and his price was eight dollars per peck.

LADIES' COMPANION.—The May number of this interesting periodical has already come to hand. Mrs. Eliot, Mrs. Embury, Miss Gould and other ladies have furnished articles for this number. Its embellishments consist of two beautiful steel engravings "The Milk Maids and Warrors Daughter," with a plate of the Fashions for May.

The Iolas has made a slight alteration in her arrangements, as will be seen by reference to the advertisement.

NEW DAILY IN PROVIDENCE.—The first number of the "Providence Daily Gazette," edited and published by J. M. Church, Esq., late of the Evening Chronicle and Narragansett Chief, came to hand on Saturday. It is got up in good style and is well filled. It is published upon the Cash system and is neutral in politics.

CONNECTICUT.—The Hartford Courier Monday contains the official record of votes at the late election, for Governor. The whole number polled was 60,929—of these Mr. Baldwin, (Whig) has 30,093—Mr. Cleveland 23,846—and there are 1990 scattering. Mr. Baldwin has 1247 more votes than Mr. Cleveland, but lacks 74 of an election. The vote last year, was as follows: For Baldwin, 25,591—for Cleveland, 27,416—Scattering 1921. Increase in the vote, 5933.

Of the Senators, fifteen are Whigs, and six are Democrats. In the 14th district, the only one in which there was any doubt as to the result, Mr. Lyon, (Whig) is elected by one majority.—Senators are chosen by a plurality.

A DUEL was fought at New Orleans on the 10th, between a Frenchman, by the name of Reibaud, formerly attached to the Mexican Navy, and Gen. Sentmanat, recently Governor of Tabasco. They fought with pistols at ten paces, and at the third fire Reibaud was shot through the body.—His wound, it was feared, would prove mortal.

Poisoned.—Three children in Lucas county, Ohio, ate of the root of the "wild parsnip," while out in the woods, and were suddenly seized with sickness at the stomach, which terminated in convulsions. In less than fifteen minutes, two of them became totally blind, and died in less than an hour. The third, who ate less freely, recovered.

The correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says:—I learn that Gen. Almonte the Mexican minister has suspended his relations with our Government. He will go to New York, and there remain until the Senate considers the Texan Treaty. The ultimate course will be decided by the vote of the Senate on the Treaty, or by instructions from his Government.

Mr. Clay's letter against the annexation of Texas will, probably, soon appear in this city.

Returning to their Fatherland.—About 100 emigrants have taken passage to Europe, on board the packet ship Monogela, Captain Turley, bound for Liverpool.

John T. Smith, a rich banker of the firm of John T. Smith & Co.; died at his residence in New York, on Monday morning.

FROM MEXICO.—The United States brig of-war Bainbridge, Captain Mattison, arrived at New Orleans on the evening of the 16th from Vera Cruz, which port she left on the 1st instant. Among the passengers was Mr. Waddy Thompson, late United States Minister in Mexico, together with thirty one Texans, the remains of the prisoners stolen from San Antonio by Gen. Wall. The San Antonio victims, thirty-six in number, were all liberated, with the single exception of George Van Ness—four of the number remained in Mexico.

Santa Anna was still at "Inero," near Jalappa, with some 15,000 very near him.

The Texan prisoners were all released, it is said, as a compliment to Gen. Thompson on leaving.

An English frigate was lying at the Sacrificios when the Bainbridge left.—The British steamer Tweed was to sail in a few days from Havana.

The Mexican steamers Montezuma and Guadaloupe were lying under St. Juan D'Ulloa.

The annexation discussion excites great wrath in the Mexican Press.

CONVICTION.—A letter from Harrodsburg, Ky., under date of the 12th inst., informs us that Thomas Simpson, who recently committed a horrid murder in Mercer county, of John Cecil, a brother-in-law, was convicted in the Circuit Court, on Thursday last. It will be recollect that Simpson attempted to murder his wife. He is represented as being a most hardened wretch. He had not received his sentence on Friday.—Mrs. Simpson, though badly wounded, is expected to recover.

Louisville Journal.

Suicide in Nashville.—Mr. James P. Brown of Mississippi recently a representative in the Legislature of that State to Bolivar county, who has made Nashville his summer residence for several years past, recently put a period to his existence by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. He was supposed to be deranged at the time.

Fire in Nantucket.—The farm house of Mr. Charles A. Burges, about four miles from town, near Quaise, was burned to the ground on Saturday afternoon, while Mr. Burges and his men were at work several miles from the farm.—There were two women in the house at the time, and they, with some assistance they received, succeeded in saving most of the furniture. The fog was so dense that the fire was not seen from town, or even by persons at work about half a mile from the spot. The fire, it is said, was caused by peat ashes.

Nantucket Telegraph.

Celt's Second Submarine Explosion was quite as successful as the first: The explosion was made with great precision, the firing of the signal gun and the explosion being almost simultaneous. The wreck of the vessel was torn into fragments, not one timber being left upon another. This was followed by two magnificent water spouts—one of which was thrown up to the height of one or two hundred feet—which were intended to show that combined operations could be performed upon an assaulting squadron, without a renewal of the means under exposure to its projectiles.

The Condemned Pirate.—Babe, the condemned pirate, who was sentenced to die on the 10th after tomorrow, yesterday received another respite, which extends his earthly life to the 17th of the next month. This is undoubtedly the last respite he will receive.—*Ibid.*

Suicide.—We learn from the last Niles (Michigan) Republican, that Mr. Arthur Richardson, a merchant at the village of Bertrand, in that county, committed suicide on Thursday evening, by drowning himself in the St. Joseph River.

Fire at Eddington.—Two dwelling houses in Eddington, Me., owned and occupied by Mr. Gilbert Knowlton, and his son Elias, were consumed, together with most of their contents, on Thursday last. Insured \$400, at the Penobscot Mutual Insurance office.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—We learn by an extra from the Alapachicola, (Fla.) Advertiser, that on the night of the 8th instant, a fire broke out at that place destroying property valued at \$20,000. The buildings consumed were the Custom House, the papers and records of which were saved; the drug store of Mr. B. S. Hawley, insured for \$9,000; the grocery store of Whitmarsh & Richardson, loss \$5,000, no insurance, and the store of Avery & Jones, insured for \$6,000.—Several other individuals are sufferers. Messrs. J. Laheus & Co., of New York, owned one of the buildings consumed—insured for \$4,000.

Coroner's Inquest.—The investigation into the death of Eliza Ann Munson was brought to a close yesterday, and Mrs. Restell escapes. The finding of the jury throws the crime upon Margaret Dawson, alias Mrs. Bird—another of the pestilential "female physicians" as they call themselves, by whom our city is infested—at whose house the young woman died.—Another female, named Francis Kowling, is implicated as accessory. Mrs. Bird is said to have absconded immediately after Miss Munson's death.—*New York Com.*

John McDaniel has been convicted at St. Louis of the murder of Chavis. He was captain of the freebooters who robbed the caravan of Chavis.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.—Captain Hurd, of brig Jacob Story, as we learn from the Merchants' Exchange books, arrived yesterday morning, from Aux Cayes 27th ult., states that the city of Aux Cayes was in great consternation for the week previous to his sailing from there, on account of an expected insurrection of the blacks to burn and pillage the city, and massacre the inhabitants.

The National Guards have been on duty every night. On the night of the 26th, the commanding officer of the place received information that the negroes were marching for the city, and many of the inhabitants commenced removing their effects on board of the shipping in the harbor. The United States Consular Agent removed on board the American schooner William Wilson, Captain Baker, at one o'clock, A. M., with his effects. The negroes, it is supposed, received information through some of their spies in the city, that the place was well defended, which prevented the premeditated attack.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—The trial of George Mathews for piracy on board the schooner Sarah Lavinia, resulted in an acquittal of the prisoner. There are three other indictments against Mathews for murder but it is presumed they will not be pressed for trial under the circumstances.

Death of Judge Baldwin.—The Hon. Henry Baldwin, one of the judges of the supreme court of the United States, died at his lodgings at the Merchants' Hotel, in Philadelphia, at a quarter past nine o'clock on Sunday evening.

Mr. Senator Merrick announces in a letter to the People of Maryland, his purpose to retire from the Senate to private life, on or before the expiration of his present term—which expires on the 4th of March next.

Brighton Market, Monday, April 22 Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 300 Beef Cattle, 15 pairs of Working Oxen, 620 Sheep, and 1350 Swine. 40 Beef Cattle unsold.

Prices—*Beef Cattle.*—Higher prices were obtained, and we advance our quotations to correspond, viz: Extra \$5 25; first quality 4 50 a 4 75; second quality \$4 25 a 4 75; third quality, 3 50 a \$1.

Working Oxen.—Sales at 65, 68, 75, and \$82.

Sheep.—From \$2 50 to 3 75, a few dressed Wethers at \$5 a 6.

Swine.—Sales quick: lots to peddle at 5, 5 1/4 a 5 3/4 for Sows and 6, 6 1/4 a 6 1/8c for Barrows. At retail 5 to 7c.

At Nassau, 29th ult., schr' Hudson, Baker, having repaired, for New York, 4th inst.

Spoken, 10th inst., lat 30 25, lon 74 50, schr' Virginian, Finch, from Savannah for Havana.

Cid at Mobile, 10th, schr' Octavia, Smith, for Savannah.

In port, at Grand Caillou, about 5th, schr' Warsaw, Burdick, for this port in 4 days.

Sailed for Savannah, 18th, Brig Poland, Lawton, for Havana, 1dg.

Arr at Boston, 15th, ship Merrimack, (of Newburyport,) Howe, San Francisco, California, Oct. 13th, 2300 bbls. whale 450 do humpback, 260 do sperm oil, 22,000 lbs. bone.

At New York, 20th, sloop Rienzi, Dur- fice, hence.

Spoken, 17th, lat 32, lon 71, ship Wm. Engle, Coe, from New York for Havana.

Cid at Boston, 17th, brig Octavia, Smith, for Savannah.

In port, at Grand Caillou, about 5th, schr' Warsaw, Burdick, for this port in 4 days.

Sailed for Savannah, 18th, Brig Poland, Lawton, for Havana, 1dg.

Arr at New Orleans, 8th, ship St. Lawrence, Chase, for Liverpool, wanting 300 bales.

Arr at New York, 20th, sloop Rienzi, Dur- fice, hence.

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POETRY.

We cannot forbear copying the following affectionate little song, by Mrs. Osgood, from *Graham's Magazine*.

" Asking For More."

Call me pet names, dearest ! Call me a bird, That flies to thy breast at one cherishing word, That folds its wild wings there, ne'er dreaming of flight, That tenderly sings there in loving delight ! Oh ! my sad heart keeps pining for one fond word, —

Call me pet names, dearest ! Call my thy bird !

Call me sweet names, darling ! Call me a flower, That lives in the light of thy smile each hour, That droops, when its heaven—thy heart— grows cold, That shrinks from the wicked, the false and bold, That blooms for thee only, through sunlight and shower ;

Call me pet names, darling ! Call me a flower !

Call me fond names, dearest ! Call me a star, Whose smile's beaming welcome thou feels't from afar,

Whose light is the clearest, the truest to thee, When the "night-time of sorrow" steals over life's sea :

Oh trust thy rich bark, where its warm rays are, Call me pet names, darling ! Call me thy star !

Call me dear names, darling ! Call me thine own ! Speak to me always in Love's low tone ! Let not thy look nor thy voice grow cold ; Let my fond worship thy being unfold ; Love me forever, and love me alone !

Call me pet names, darling ! Call me thine own !

From 'Poetry of Feeling, and Spiritual Melodies.'

The Pleasant Spring has come again.

BY ISAAC F. SHEPHERD.

The pleasant spring has come again, Its voice is in the trees, It speaks from every sunny glen, It rides upon the breeze ! The scattered flocks are lowing, Beneath each shady tree, The gentle winds are blowing, Oh come, rejoice with me.

The pleasant spring has come again, I hear the river's roar, It sparkles, foams, and leaps, as when My summer skip it bore ! Stern winter's chain is rended, The gushing founts are free, And light with water blended, Is dancing o'er the sea !

The pleasant spring has come again, All nature's heart is glad, The mountains rise like giant men, And smile with beauty clad : The pretty flowers are springing In every greenwood shade, Their perfume rounds them flinging As sweet as Eden made.

The pleasant spring has come again, The ploughman's sons arise, While woodland-echoes mock, and then The thrilling cadence dies ; The merry birds are singing, Afar the music floats, And every vale is ringing With soft and mellow notes.

The pleasant spring has come again, Its voice is in the trees, It speaks from every sunny glen, It rides upon the breeze ! The pretty flowers are springing, The gushing founts are free, The merry birds are singing, Let all rejoice with me !

A Chronological Account of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1749.

At the Annual Election on the first Wednesday of May, the following persons were elected officers.

William Greene, Governor.
Wm. Ellery, Deputy Governor.

Assistants.

Peter Bourne, Robert Lawton, Simon Pease, James Arnold, William Burton, William Richmond, Edward Keenicut, Daniel Coggeshall, Sylvester Brownell, Jeffrey Watson, Thomas Ward, Secretary.

Daniel Updike, Attorney General.

Thomas Richardson, Treasurer.

As the pursuits of the people of New- port during the late war, had been almost wholly of a Military and Naval character by which they had derived a great but precarious prosperity, they had now to convert their vessels of war into Merchantmen and to transfer their capital and industry into other channels and the return of prosperity to their trade and business was tardy and discouraging.

This year the first Light House in Rhode Island, was built—it was erected by order of the General Assembly on Beaver Tail at the entrance of the Harbor of Newport and was of wood.

The Rev. Edward Upham,* was installed Pastor of the first Baptist Church in Newport.

This year a Moravian or Congregation of the United Brethren, was formed in Newport, George Haake, his wife and Mathew Reutze, came to Newport on their way to Surinam when they became acquainted with Richard Baywood an inhabitant of Newport who embraced their views and was the means of forming a Congregation.—Mathew Reutze (known as Master Wright) was for many years a School Master in Newport.

The clearances from Newport (for foreign ports) was this year 160 and the entries 75.

Wm. Claggett, a celebrated Clock-maker, died at Newport on the 18th of Oct. 1749 in the 54th year of his age. He was justly distinguished for his early and successful experiments on electricity.

* Rev. Edward Upham, was a native of Malden (Mass.) he was educated at Harvard College and graduated in 1734.—He went to West Springfield at the request of a small body of Baptists and commenced preaching to them, was ordained in 1740 and to whom he ministered for about 8 years, when he received an invitation from the first Baptist Church in Newport to become their Pastor.—He removed to Newport in 1748 and took charge of that Society.—In 1772 he returned to West Springfield and resumed the charge, of his old Society, in which he continued till within five years of his death which took place on the 5th of Oct. 1797 at the advanced age of 87 years. He was a man of liberal principles and always professed to despise the Bigot.

Agricultural.



GARDEN SEEDS.

As success in gardening depends much on good seeds, a few hints on raising, gathering and preserving them may be of importance to the young and inexperienced gardener. Plants intended for seed should be carefully cultivated during their whole existence, and especially while their seeds are ripening. They should also be located in such a manner, as that those of the same species cannot intermix and produce deteriorated varieties. To prevent mixing, they must be set at considerable distances apart, as even Indian corn has been known to mix at the distance of three hundred yards.—It is utterly impossible to preserve varieties of cucumbers, melons, squashes, pumpkins, &c. in their purity, if they are permitted to flower and ripen their seeds in the same garden—the seeds of two varieties of the same species of plants, should not, therefore, be attempted to be raised in the same garden at the same time. It is this disposition to mix and degenerate that renders it difficult for seedsmen to raise a complete assortment of seeds on their own grounds, unless they are very extensive.

The most luxuriant and perfect plants, and such as arrive at maturity the earliest in the season, should be selected for seed. They should be permitted to remain in the garden until the seed is perfectly ripe; and should then be gathered and cleaned in clear weather. If any moisture remains, they should be exposed to the rays of the sun until they are perfectly dry, and then be put up in bags or boxes and secured from the depredations of rats, mice and insects, and the action of severe cold. As a general rule, new seed is to be preferred to old on account of its germinating quicker and producing a more vigorous growth; but good seeds, gathered and preserved in the foregoing manner, will retain their vitality as follows :

YEARS.	YEARS.
Asparagus, 4	Majorum, 4
Balm, 2	Melon, 8 or 10
Basil, 2 or 3	Mustard, 3 or 4
Beans, 1 or 2	Nasturtium, 2 or 3
Beets, 8 or 10	Onion, 3
Borage, 2	Parsley, 5 or 6
Cabbage, 6 or 8	Parsnip, 1
Carrot, 1 or 2	Pea, 2 or 3
Celer, 6 or 8	Pumpkin, 8 or 10
Corn, 2 or 3	Pepper, 5 or 6
Cress, 2	Radish, 5 or 8
Cucumber, 8 or 10	Rue, 3
Caraway, 4	Ruta Baga, 4
Fennel, 5	Salsify, 2
Garlic, 3	Savory, 3 or 4
Leek, 3 or 4	Spinage, 3 or 4
Lettuce, 3 or 4	Squash, 3 or 4
Mangel Wurtzel, 8 or 10	Turnip, 3 or 4

Some gardeners prefer old seeds of cucumbers, melons, squashes, &c. &c. to new, on account of their running less to vines and producing larger crops of fruit; but on this we cannot speak experimentally. The vitality of seeds is easily tested, and they ought never to be sown, in any considerable quantity, without it. When divested of their covering, such as will germinate will sink in luke warm water, while such as have lost their vitality will float on the surface.

NEW FRENCH & AMERICAN Paper Hangings, Borders, Curtains, Chimney-Board Papers, &c.

THOSE in want of the above articles, are respectfully invited to call and examine a New and Beautiful Assortment, just received at

No. 22 Broad Street, which surpasses in variety and low prices any before offered for sale by M. FREEBORN.

April 6, 1844.

NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS.

E. W. LAWTON & SON,

HAVE received during the past week, a large supply of NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS, from New York, to which further additions will be made on the arrival of the Rienzi, including 50 pieces of CARPETING ; 40 pieces of Floor Matting ; Hearth Rugs ; Painted Floor Cloths, &c. &c.

Their assortment of STAPLE and FANCY ARTICLES, is now such as they confidently believe will meet the approbation and supply the wants of every class of purchasers.

[April 13.]

CHEAP !

A LARGE LOT

of very cheap

Shawls,

at H. SESSIONS'

April 13.

Carpetings.

—

50 pieces superfine and common Ingrain Carpeting ;

40 pieces straw Matting, 50 do hearth Rugs ;

Painted Floor Cloths ;

Cotton and List Carpetings,

Received by

E. W. LAWTON & SON.

April 13, 1844.

NOTICE

—

THE Ccopartnership heretofore exist-

ing under the name of J. M. Cook & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons indebted to said firm will make immediate payment to Harvey Sessions, and all persons who have demands against said firm will present them to said Sessions, who is authorised to use the name of the late firm for the adjustment of all claims of the late firm.

HARVEY SESSIONS.

JAMES M. COOK.

Newport, April 13, 1844.—3w.

Administrators' Notice.

—

THE undersigned having been ap-

pointed by the Court of Probate

of the Town of Newport, administrators

on the estate of their father, Audley Clarke

late of Newport, dec., hereby request all

persons indebted to said estate to make

immediate payment to either of them,

and those having demands to present

them for settlement.

PELEG CLARKE,

WM. A. CLARKE, { Adm'r.

EDWARD CLARKE,

Newport, April 4th, 1844. 11.

New Spring Goods.

April, 1844.

—

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

HAVE now open and ready to show

their customers the largest and most

select variety of desirable articles that

they have ever had—embracing every style of

Spring & Summer Goods,

which they feel confident they can afford to offer and sell as low as can be purchased, and on the most favorable and accommoda-

ting terms. Among their variety are—

Rich striped & figured broadcloths Silks ;

Three colored ombré Cameline do ;

Black and blue-black Foulard—soie ;

Rich Wide Silks ;

Black and blue-black Alpines ;

Mouseline de Laines, in all their great variety ;

Scotch Ginghams, Texans, Balzorines, &c. ;

Alpaca ;

Rich style new Ribbons ;

Fancy Crayats ;

Rice Brocchia, Cashmere, and every other

kind of SHAWLS :

Fancy cloth table and piano covers ;

Cotton and worsted table do ;

Extra white furniture dimity, 1 1/8 yd wide ;

Silk and cotton Vests ;

Cassimeres, of all kinds ;

Broadcloths ;

Plain, plaid and figured Gambrins ;

Velvets, &c. for children's wear ; and many other suitable articles for the same purpose.

ALSO, in our CARPET ROOM,

3 ply and damask Venetian Carpets ;

Superfine Ingrain ditto ;

Striped Venetian stair do ;

Do do 7 1/2 wide do ;

very cheap for Floors : Also just right width

and kinds for parlor carpets, 2s 6d a yard,

Oil Floor Cloths, 2s 6d a yard ;

Printed Bookings, woolen ;

Cotton Bookings, 2 yards wide ;

Tufted Hether Rugs ;

Brussels and Wilton hearth Rugs ;

4-4 and 5-4 colored straw Mattings ;

4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 white do ;

Worsted Door Matts, &c. &c. &c. ;